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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
09/938,485	08/27/2001	Chikako Kariya	1484.1007	2872
21171 7590 12/26/2006 STAAS & HALSEY LLP SUITE 700			EXAMINER	
			PAULA, CESAR B	
1201 NEW YORK AVENUE, N.W. WASHINGTON, DC 20005			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
	,		2178	
				
SHORTENED STATUTOR	RY PERIOD OF RESPONSE	MAIL DATE	DELIVERY MODE	
3 MC	NTHS	12/26/2006	PAF	PER

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire 6 MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.

. 1						
		Application No.	Applicant(s)			
•		09/938,485	KARIYA, CHIKAKO			
	Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit			
		CESAR B. PAULA	2178			
	The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address Period for Reply					
WHIC - Exter after - If NC - Failu Any	ORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY CHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DANSIONS of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. Operiod for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period were to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing ed patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION 36(a). In no event, however, may a reply be tirn will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from a cause the application to become ABANDONE	N. nely filed the mailing date of this communication. D (35 U.S.C. § 133).			
Status						
1) 🛛	Responsive to communication(s) filed on 13 O	ctober 2006.				
·—	This action is FINAL . 2b)⊠ This action is non-final.					
3)□	Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is					
	closed in accordance with the practice under Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.					
Dispositi	ion of Claims					
4)⊠	4)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-8,10-18,20-27,29-37,39-46 and 48-56</u> is/are pending in the application.					
-	4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.					
5)□	5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.					
6)⊠	6) Claim(s) 1-8,10-18,20-27,29-37,39-46 and 48-56 is/are rejected.					
-	Claim(s) is/are objected to.					
8)[_	Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or	r election requirement.				
Applicati	ion Papers					
9) The specification is objected to by the Examiner.						
10)	The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) acce	epted or b) objected to by the B	Examiner.			
	Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).					
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).						
11)	11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.					
Priority u	ınder 35 U.S.C. § 119					
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).						
a) ☐ All b) ☐ Some * c) ☐ None of:						
	1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.					
2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No						
	3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage					
application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).						
* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.						
Attachmen	t(s)					
	e of References Cited (PTO-892)	4) Interview Summary				
	e of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) mation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08)	Paper No(s)/Mail Da 5) Notice of Informal P				
Paper No(s)/Mail Date 10/06. 6) Other:						

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DETAILED ACTION

1. This action is responsive to the RCE amendment, and IDS filed on 10/12, and 10/13/2006 respectively.

This action is made Non-Final.

2. In the amendment, claims 1-8, 10-18, 20-27, 29-37, 39-46, and 48-56 are pending in the case. Claims 1, 11, 20, 30, 39, and 49, are independent claims.

Priority

3. Acknowledgment is made of applicant's claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. 119(a)-(d), and based on application # 200-373784 filed in Japan on 12/8/2000, which papers have been placed of record in the file.

Drawings

4. The drawings filed on 8/27/2001 have been approved by the examiner.

Information Disclosure Statement

5. The information disclosure statement (IDS) submitted on 10/13/2006 is in compliance with the provisions of 37 CFR 1.97. Accordingly, the information disclosure statement has been considered by the examiner.

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Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 6. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 7. Claims 1-8, 10-18, 20-27, 29-37, 39-46, and 48-56 remain rejected under 35 fU.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Moody et al, hereinafter Moody (Pat.# 5,890,177, 3/30/1999), in view of "Getting Results with Microsoft Office 97", hereinafter Office, Microsoft Corporation, 1997, pages 396-401, and newly added pages 365-394.

Regarding independent claim 1, Moody discloses comparing an original document and an edited copy of the same document to determine similarities, and differences, if any, among the documents, which are separately emailed among an author and editors—the documents are electronic mail documents (col.7, lines 21-67, col.4, lines 34-51).

Furthermore, Moody discloses the comparison of similarities and differences—relevance information-- between paragraphs of two documents emailed between the author, and editors—exchange history of the electronic mail documents-- such as an original document, and an edited copy of the original document (which was edited, after the original document was created—timewise latest document--based on a heritage —header-- containing a timestamp—timewise

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order-- indicating when the document was created or edited) (col.10, lines 15-35, col.4, lines 34-51). Moody fails to explicitly disclose the documents are electronic mail; branching of separate emails from a first email, with the branching of emails including at least two distinct time-wise non-sequential emails branching from the first email on a same branch of the branching of emails and/or at least two distinct time-wise sequential emails branching from the first email on different branches of the branching of email. However, Office teaches sending a copy of the document a user is working on, to a recipient as an email, and allowing a user to group various email transmitted separately in time, in response to a specific email, such as a conference registration request (page 399, 366-372,376-379). In other words, the emailed messages sent in reply to the registration request, depend on or branch from the email request, and were sent at various times. It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to have combined Moody, and Office, because of all the reasons found in Office including getting quick feedback from reviewers, and making it easy to handle emails (page 396, and 376). This would provide the efficient, and time-saving benefit of directly emailing the documents the user has created using the sophisticated features of the application, such as the wordprocessing application.

Regarding claim 2, which depends on claim 1, Moody discloses the comparison of similarities or differences between paragraphs of two documents, based on a creator ID —header information (col. 6, lines 1-67, col.10, lines 15-35, fig.3).

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Regarding claim 3, which depends on claim 2, Moody discloses presenting or displaying the documents and their similarities and differences—relevance information—in a visible way using techniques such as redlining, in a marked up document in a tree-like order with the original document on top followed by the edited copies—outputs the relevance information in a timewise order— (col. 6, lines 1-67, col.10, lines 15-35, fig.3).

Regarding claim 4, which depends on claim 1, Moody discloses presenting or displaying the documents and their similarities and differences in a visible way using techniques such as redlining, in a marked up document in a tree-like order with the original document on top followed by the edited copies (col. 6, lines 1-67, col.10, lines 15-35, fig.3).

Regarding claim 5, which depends on claim 4, Moody discloses presenting or displaying the documents and their similarities and differences in a visible way using techniques such as redlining, in a marked up document in a tree-like order with the original document on top followed by the edited copies (col. 6, lines 1-67, col.10, lines 15-35, fig.3).

Regarding claim 6, which depends on claim 5, Moody discloses presenting or displaying the documents—document selected at the locator—and their similarities and differences in a visible way using techniques such as redlining, in a marked up document in a tree-like order with the original document on top followed by the edited copies (col. 6, lines 1-67, col.10, lines 15-35, fig.3).

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Regarding claim 7, which depends on claim 2, Moody discloses the comparison of differences—branched state-- between paragraphs of two documents, based on a creator ID — header information according to a uniqueness rule in each of the documents. The differences or edits—detected branched state-- are presented in a visible way using techniques such as redlining (col. 6, lines 1-67, col.10, lines 15-35).

Regarding claim 8, which depends on claim 5, Moody discloses the comparison of differences—branched state-- between paragraphs of two documents, based on a creator ID — header information according to a uniqueness rule in each of the documents. The differences or edits—detected branched state-- are presented in a visible way using techniques such as redlining, in a marked up document in a tree-like order with the original document on top followed by the edited copies (col. 6, lines 1-67, col.10, lines 15-35, fig.3).

Regarding claim 10, which depends on claim 1, discloses returning edited copies of the original document back to the author using email—the documents located by the locator are subjected to a return mail processing. The documents are arranged in a hierarchical tree-like order in a markup document (col. 6, lines 1-67, col.10, lines 15-35, fig.3).

The limitations of independent claim 11 are substantially similar to the limitations in claim 1, and therefore similarly rejected, except for, Moody discloses a word processing software for deleting duplicate paragraphs of the documents, and producing a final document (col.7, lines 1-20). In other words, the software is used to go through all the paragraphs and removes the

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duplicate paragraphs, and creates a final document without the duplicate paragraphs—parsing overlapped portion of information and for merging the documents with the overlapped portion eliminated. A comparison of similarities and differences—relevance information—between paragraphs of two documents emailed among the author, and editors—exchange history of the electronic mail documents—is determined by the software.

Regarding claim 12, which depends on claim 11, Moody discloses the merging of the final document by using a document containing various editions of the original document organized in an order that presents the original paragraphs first, followed by other edited paragraphs—merges the documents according to an order of the related documents (col.6, lines 56-67, fig.3).

Regarding claim 13, which depends on claim 11, Moody discloses the comparison of paragraphs based on an on heritage containing an ID of the editor who made the edits to the corresponding document—detect relevance among the documents based on the header information or editor initials (col.10, lines 15-35).

Regarding claim 14, which depends on claim 13, Moody discloses the comparison of paragraphs of two documents, based on a heritage — header-- containing a timestamp—timewise order-- indicating when the document was created or edited—detect relevance among the documents based on the header information or editor initials. The differences or edits are presented in a visible way using techniques such as redlining, in a marked up document in a tree-

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like order with the original document on top followed by the edited copies—timewise order (col. 6, lines 1-67, col.10, lines 15-35, fig.3).

Regarding claim 15, which depends on claim 11, Moody discloses the display of a markup document containing various editions—relevance documents— of the original document organized in a tree order that presents the original paragraphs first, followed by other edited paragraphs (col.6, lines 56-67, fig.3).

Regarding claim 16, which depends on claim 15, Moody discloses using the markup document containing various editions, and which is displayed in a tree order, for producing, and displaying a final document creating by merging several of the edited documents—relevance documents— of the original document organized in an order that presents the original paragraphs first, followed by other edited paragraphs (col.6, lines 56-col.7, line 20, fig.3).

Regarding claim 17, which depends on claim 13, Moody discloses the comparison of differences—branched state-- between paragraphs of two documents, based on a creator ID — header information according to a uniqueness rule in each of the documents. The differences or edits—detected branched state-- are presented in a visible way using techniques such as redlining (col. 6, lines 1-67, col.10, lines 15-35).

Regarding claim 18, which depends on claim 15, Moody discloses the comparison of differences—branched state-- between paragraphs of two documents, based on a creator ID —

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header information according to a uniqueness rule in each of the documents. The differences or edits—detected branched state— are presented in a visible way using techniques such as redlining, in a marked up document in a tree-like order with the original document on top

followed by the edited copies (col. 6, lines 1-67, col.10, lines 15-35, fig.3).

Claims 20-37 are directed towards a computer program product on a computer-readable medium for performing the steps found in claims 1-18 respectively, and therefore are similarly rejected.

Claims 39-46, 48-56 are directed towards a method for implementing the device found in claims 1-8, and 10-18, respectively, and therefore are similarly rejected.

Response to Arguments

8. Applicant's arguments with respect to claims 1-8, 10-18, 20-27, 29-37, 39-46, and 48-56 have been considered but are not persuasive. The Applicant indicates that neither Moody, nor Office teach the amended limitations—branching of separate emails from a first email, with the branching of emails including at least two distinct time-wise non-sequential emails branching from the first email on a same branch of the branching of emails and/or at least two distinct time-wise sequential emails branching from the first email on different branches of the branching of email (pages 13-14). The Examiner disagrees, because Office teaches sending a copy of the document a user is working on, to a recipient as an email, and allowing a user to group various email transmitted separately in time, in response to a specific email, such as a conference registration request (page 399, 366-372,376-379). In other words, the emailed

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messages sent in reply to the registration request, depend on or branch from the email request, and were sent at various times.

Conclusion

I. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Cesar B. Paula whose telephone number is (571) 272-4128. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday through Friday from 8:00 a.m. to 4:00 p.m. (EST).

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Stephen Hong, can be reached on (571) 272-4124. However, in such a case, please allow at least one business day.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, go to http://portal.uspto.gov/external/portal/pair. Should you have any questions about access to the Private PAIR system, please contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866 217-9197 (toll-free).

Any response to this Action should be mailed to:

Commissioner for Patents

P.O. Box 1450

Alexandria, VA 22313-1450

Or faxed to:

• (571)-273-8300 (for all Formal communications intended for entry)

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12/19/06

CESAR PAULA
PRIMARY EXAMINER

PRIMARY EXAMINER